

Strong newsflow over CY23

Phase 3 off to good start

CY23 looks to be a busy year for PAR with a number of key milestones in both its Knee Osteoarthritis (KOA) and Mucopolysaccharidosis (MPS) trial programs. In late CY22, PAR announced that its pivotal Phase 3 trial program for KOA had passed its first safety review - a significant milestone. The review is conducted by an external Data Monitoring Committee (DMC). It assesses the safety and efficacy of the trial study, as well as ensuring the validity and scientific merit of the trial. It is an important tick for PAR's management as the team co-ordinates a global trial program which plans to include 120 clinical trial sites. The first Canadian trial site was activated in late 2022.

Busy Year ahead

The key expected milestones include:

- Confirmation of dosing for the KOA trials which will signal the start of PAR-003, the Phase 3 confirmatory trial. PAR-002 and 003 trial participants 'roll over' into the PAR-006 and 007 for six-month observational follow-up studies.
- 6 and 12 month data from the PAR-008 trial to help inform discussions with the US and EU regulatory agencies regarding the requirements for classification as a Disease Modifying Osteoarthritis (DMOA) drug. Canine study data also to be reported.
- Topline data from PAR's VI trial and complete data from the MPS-I trial.

One area to watch over the coming year will be how PAR plans to fully exploit the commercial potential of both its KOA and MPS programs. In mid CY22, the company appointed Mr Marco Polizzi as CEO to boost the commercial experience within PAR. His unexpected departure leaves a gap within the company's management skill set. Mr Rennie, founder of PAR, has transitioned to Executive Chair.

Valuation, Risks and Sensitivities

MST's valuation of \$3.27ps. is unchanged. The valuation assumes that PAR can deliver its trial program timelines. The valuation is subject to the usual drug development risks, commercial uptake – regulatory approval market entry, market size, market share, pricing, drug supply, competitor products, timelines and potential licensing metrics – all may differ to MST assumptions. Cash balance as of 31 December 2022 was \$83.92m (Q1: \$92.375m). During the December quarter PAR received an R&D Tax Incentive Rebate of \$7.4m.



ASX-listed biotechnology company, Paradigm Biopharma's (PAR.AX) strategy is to take already approved medicines that have shown safety and efficacy in one condition and repurpose them for new indications. The aim is to reduce time, cost and risk. Its first candidate is injectable pentosan polysulphate sodium (iPPS), Zilosul®, for use in osteoarthritis of the knee (KOA) and hip (HOA) and mucopolysaccharidosis (MPS), a genetic enzyme disease. Zilosul®'s mechanism of action offers potential application use in a number of other diseases. Clinical data to date have demonstrated benefit with minimal adverse effects.

Stock	PAR.ASX
Price	\$1.48
Market cap	\$415m
Valuation	\$3.27 (unchanged)

Next news

- Q1CY23 H1CY23 6 month data PAR-008 DMOA trial
- H1CY23 Dose selection for ongoing KOA phase 3 trials
- H1CY23 1st patient enters PAR-003 confirmatory trial
- H1CY23 8 & 26 week canine study data



Source: Factset

Rosemary Cummins rosemary.cummins@mstacccess.com.au



Figure 1 – MST Financial Summary

Year end 30 June MARKET DATA							42 month norformone						
MARKEI DATA							12 month performance						
Share Price	A\$/sh	are				1.48	2.50						_
52 week high / low	A\$				2.	16 - 0.86	2.00	1					
Valuation (12 month forward)	A\$					3.27	2.00	Λ		1			_
Market capitalisation	A\$m					415	1.50	A			М.		_
Shares on issue	m					285	My of Man		L	√~ \	-	~~	7
Options	m					4	1.00	اسمار					_
Other equity	m					47	*	,					
Potential shares on issue (diluted)	m					336	0.50						
							Feb-22 Apr-22 Jun-22	Aug-22	2 0	ct-22	Dec-22	2 F	eb-23
INVESTMENT FUNDAMENTALS		FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23E	FY24E	PROFIT AND LOSS (A\$)		FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23E	FY24
EPS Reported (undiluted)	¢	(6.0)	(16.7)	(16.8)	(15.2)	(11.2)	Revenue & Other Income	A\$m	3.7	8.7	8.7	16.2	31.4
EPS Underlying (undiluted)	¢	(6.0)	(16.7)	(16.8)	(15.2)	(11.2)	Expenses	A\$m	(17.0)	(43.2)	(48.0)	(60.7)	(70.0
Underlying EPS growth	%	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	EBITDA	A\$m	(13.3)	(34.5)	(39.3)	(44.4)	(38.6
P/E Reported (undiluted)	X	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	D&A	A\$m	(13.3)	(34.3)	(55.5)	(44.4)	(30.0
P/E at Valuation						n/m	EBIT	_		(34.5)	(20.2)	(44.4)	/20 6
Dividend	X ¢	n/m -	n/m -	n/m -	n/m -	n/m -		A\$m A\$m	(13.3) 1.0	0.2	(39.3) 0.0	(44.4) 1.2	(38.6 1.7
Payout ratio	φ %	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	Interest Non-operating income	A\$m A\$m	1.0	0.2	0.0	1.2	1.7
Yield	%	U% -	U% -	U% -	U 76 -	U 76 -	Pre-tax Profit		(12.3)	(34.3)	(39.2)	(43.2)	(36.9
rieiu	70	•	•	•	•	•		A\$m	(12.3)	(34.3)	(39.2)	(43.2)	(30.9
VEV DATIOS (AS)		EV20	EV24	EV22	EV22E	EV24E	Tax	A\$m	-	-	-	-	-
KEY RATIOS (A\$)		FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23E	FY24E	Minorities	A\$m _	- (40.0)	(0.4.0)	(20.0)	- (40.0)	/00.0
Forecast year end shares	m	225	230	233	283	330	Underlying NPAT	A\$m	(12.3)	(34.3)	(39.2)	(43.2)	(36.9
Market cap (Y/E / Spot)	\$m	332.6	340.3	344.4	419.5	488.6	244		=>/00	=>/0/	=>/00		=>/0/
Net debt /(cash)	\$m	(103.9)	(71.0)	(39.7)	(59.2)	(92.2)	BALANCE SHEET (A\$)		FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23E	FY24E
Enterprise value	\$m	228.7	269.2	304.7	360.4	396.4	Cash	A\$m	103.9	71.0	39.7	59.2	92.2
EV/Sales	X	61.8	30.8	34.9	22.2	12.6	Receivables	A\$m	3.5	8.5	6.7	0.7	1.3
EV/EBITDA	X	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	Inventory	A\$m	-	-	-	0.4	0.8
EV/EBIT	X	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	PPE	A\$m	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Net debt / Enterpprise Value	X	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	Intangibles	A\$m	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9
Gearing (net debt / EBITDA)	X	7.8	2.1	1.0	1.3	2.4	Other	A\$m	1.9	2.2	1.3	1.3	1.3
Operating cash flow per share	\$	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.1)	Total Assets	A\$m	112.4	84.8	50.7	64.5	98.6
Price to operating cash flow	X	(33.0)	(9.7)	(10.7)	(9.7)	(13.2)	Accounts Payable	A\$m	2.8	5.0	7.1	0.7	1.3
Free cash flow	\$m	(4.5)	(34.3)	(32.2)	(43.2)	(36.9)	Borrowings	A\$m	-	-	-	-	-
Free cash flow per share	\$	(0.02)	(0.15)	(0.14)	(0.15)	(0.11)	Leases	A\$m	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6
Price to free cash flow	X	(74.5)	(9.9)	(10.7)	(9.7)	(13.2)	Provisions	A\$m	0.5	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7
Free cash flow yield	%	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	Other	A\$m	-	-	-	-	-
Book value / share	\$	0.48	0.34	0.18	0.22	0.29	Total Liabilities	A\$m	4.2	6.5	8.4	2.0	2.6
Price to book (NAV)	x	3.1	4.3	8.1	6.7	5.1	Shareholder's equity	A\$m	108.2	78.3	42.3	62.6	96.0
NTA / share	\$	0.47	0.33	0.17	0.21	0.28		_					
Price to NTA	X	3.2	4.5	8.7	7.0	5.2	CASH FLOW (A\$)		FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23E	FY24E
EBITDA margin	%	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	Receipts from customers	A\$m	-	-	0.1	16.2	22.0
ROE (Average Equity)	%	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	Payments to suppliers and employees	A\$m	(14.8)	(38.6)	(41.8)	(60.7)	(70.0
ROA (EBIT)	%	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	Milestones, R&D Rebates, Grants	A\$m	3.6	3.4	9.5	-	9.3
Interest cover (EBIT / net interest)	X	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	Interest	A\$m	1.1	0.3	0.0	1.2	1.7
,							Tax	A\$m	_	-	-	-	-
							Operating cash flow	A\$m	(10.1)	(34.9)	(32.2)	(43.2)	(36.9
							Capex	A\$m	(0.1)	(0.0)	-	,	-
							Acquisitions	A\$m	-	-	-	_	_
							Other	A\$m	5.8	0.7	-	_	_
							Investing cash flow	A\$m	5.6	0.7		-	
							Borrowings	A\$m	1.8	(0.0)	0.1	-	_
							Equity	A\$m	34.3	1.0	-	62.7	70.0
							Dividend			1.0		02.7	
								A\$m _	36.1	1.0	- 0.4	62.7	70.0
							Financing cash flow	A\$m			0.1		
							Change in Cash / FX	A\$m	31.6	(33.3)	(32.1)	19.5	33.1
							Year end cash	A\$m	103.9	71.1	39.7	59.2	92.2



Key milestones expected over CY23

PAR.AX is repurposing pentosan polysulphate sodium (PPS) as an injectable formulation (Zilosul®) for a number of inflammatory related conditions. Its first targets include osteoarthritis (OA) and mucopolysaccharidoses (MPS). PPS has been approved for >50 years for use in haemorrhagic cystitis.

CY23 looks to bring strong newsflow as PAR's two clinical programs progress. Positive data from the PAR-008 trial and canine studies are expected to trigger discussions with the FDA regarding an ongoing program to demonstrate a disease modifying role for Zilosul®. Confirmation of the most effective Zilosul® dose will trigger the start if the confirmatory KOA trial, PAR-003.

Figure 2 - Newsflow over CY23

Timing	Milestone	Newsflow
Q1CY23	PAR-008	6-month DMOA data
Q1CY23	MPS I	Presentation at the XVII International Conference on Lysosomal Disease
Q1CY23	MPS VI	Poster presentation at World Symposium in Lysosomal Disease
Q1CY23	DMOA	Presentations at Osteoarthritis Research Society International World Congress (OARSI) -Poster, Clinical Trial Update, Oral presentations
H1CY23	PAR-002, 003,007	Dose confirmation from Stage 1 of PAR-002. PAR-003 & PAR-007 to commence
H1CY23	Canine Data	Complete 8 & 26 week data report
H1CY23	MPS VI	Phase 2 - full trial recruitment
H2CY23	PAR-008	12-month DMOA data
H2CY23	MPS VI, I	Topline data from MPS-VI trial and full data from the MPS-I trial

Source: Company Reports, MST Assumptions

KOA PAR-002 trial progress and commencement of PAR-003, PAR-006 trial

$\sqrt{1}$ st Data Monitoring Committee (DMC) review in Phase 3 KOA trial

The first safety review by the Data Monitoring Committee (DMC) of its pivotal PAR-002 clinical trial concluded that the clinical trial should proceed without modification. The DMC is responsible for assessing safety and efficacy during the conduct of Paradigm's PAR-002 study, as well as ensuring the validity and scientific merit of the trial. The 'tick of approval' brings confidence on the execution of large clinical trial of >900 patients with ~120 planned trial sites over the US, Australia, UK, EU and Canada.

Dose Confirmation to trigger start of PAR-003

PAR's pivotal PAR-002 adaptive staged design includes a dose confirmatory stage. Stage 1 aims to determine the optimal dose. Participants in the PAR-002 trial are being randomly assigned to a 6-week period of once weekly 2mg/kg dose or twice weekly 1.5mg/kg or a fixed dose weekly with a fourth cohort to receive placebo. The selected dose will be based on an optimal balance of efficacy and safety. The completion of the Stage 1 is not planned to include release of any efficacy data.

The selected dose will be used in the continuing PAR-002 and PAR-006 trials. PAR-003, the confirmatory trial and PAR-007, the observational follow-up trial will commence with the selected dose. Data from PAR-006 and PAR-007 aim to establish the duration of the treatment effect.

Further data on potential Disease Modifying Role in Osteoarthritis (DMOA)

Currently approved OA drug therapies offer only short to medium term relief of symptoms including pain and swelling. None to date has been approved as a disease modifying therapy – able to halt the progress of the disease and/or reduce the symptoms over the longer term. PAR's Phase 2b clinical trial reported reduction in volume in Bone Marrow



Oedema (BME) lesions and a number of changes in blood serum biomarkers. The trial results support a potential DMOA role.

PAR-008 is being undertaken to further explore the potential DMOA effect of Zilolsul®. In October 2022, PAR reported that PAR-008's Day 56 data were supportive in a number of 'DMOA' endpoints including joint biomarkers, pain and knee function. 6-month data are expected over Q1CY23, with 12-month data to follow in H2CY23. PAR plans to use the data to support discussions with the FDA regarding the potential path to seeking a DMOA approval.

Results in canine study

PAR also plans to announce 26-week data from its canine DMOA studies in H1CY23. Dogs age more quickly than humans with 20 weeks of dog's life being the equivalent of 3 'human' years. The aim of the study is to expedite 'long term' data. 21 dogs with OA of the stifle joint (equivalent of the ankle joint in humans) are being treated with PPS for 6 weeks. Trial endpoints are similar to the PAR-008 study including synovial biomarkers and X-ray changes of the joint cartilage. Early data announced in October 2022 were supportive. The 20 weeks of ongoing monitoring will provide data the equivalent of 3 years in human.

MPS Clinical trials

PAR is also conducting clinical trial programs in MPS-I and MPS-VI. Topline data from MPS-VI trial and full data from the MPS-I trial are expected by CY23 end. Positive data may support a licensing agreement with associated payments to assist in the funding of the KOA trials.

In summary, PAR is expecting news flow over CY23 regarding its KOA Phase 3 and MPS Phase 2 trial programs as well as further evidence of Zilosul®'s DMOA potential. In MST's view, clearly positive news is likely to support funding/potential licensing activities.



Investment Thesis

Snapshot of Paradigm Biopharma (PAR.AX)

PAR.AX is repurposing pentosan polysulphate sodium (PPS) as an injectable formulation (Zilosul®) for a number of inflammatory related conditions. Its first targets include osteoarthritis (OA) and mucopolysaccharidoses (MPS). PPS has been approved for >50 years for use in haemorrhagic cystitis.

- Zilosul® Phase 2b trial data support a potential superior advantage to current drug therapies.
- Positive results in Phase 3 trials are expected to support application for US, EU and Australian approval.
- The readout of Phase 3 trial arm, PAR-002, is planned for Q4CY24.
- With cash at ~A\$83.29m at Dec 2022. MST estimates that PAR has funding to Q1CY24.

Investment thesis

- Zilosul® carries lower development risk: Firstly as a repurposed drug, it has strong supporting safety data and secondly, as a later stage asset as it commences Phase 3 trials.
- Higher-than-average probability of approval: The similarity of the Phase 2b and 3 trials supports a higher probability that the Phase 3 trial will repeat a statistically significant Phase 2b result.
- Large market with current drugs offering only short-term relief and significant adverse effects: Market opportunity
 is significant if the Phase 3 data confirm the data to date of meaningful pain relief and limited adverse effects. If
 PAR can demonstrate a potential disease-modifying role, there is also likely to be higher market penetration,
 pricing advantages and potentially longer term use.

Valuation, Risks, Sensitivities

MST's valuation of \$3.27ps. is unchanged. Cash balance as of 31 December 2022 was \$83.92m (on 30 September 2022 it was \$92.375m). During the December quarter Paradigm received a R&D Tax Incentive Rebate of \$7.4m. Planned newsflow over FY23, particularly the DMOA studies, should help support the company's licensing raise plans.

MST valuation carries a number of assumptions with respect to regulatory approval, commercial uptake – timing around trials and market entry, market size, market share, pricing, drug supply, competitor products, timeline and potential licensing metrics. The MST model assumes these assumptions may not be realised, posing risk to the valuation.



Disclaimers and Disclosures

MST Access is a registered business name of MST Financial Services Pty Ltd (ACN 617 475 180 "MST Financial") which is a limited liability company incorporated in Australia on 10 April 2017 and holds an Australian Financial Services Licence (Number: 500 557). This research is issued in Australia through MST Access which is the research division of MST Financial. The research and any access to it, is intended only for "wholesale clients" within the meaning of the Corporations Act 2001 of Australia. Any advice given by MST Access is general advice only and does not take into account your personal circumstances, needs or objectives. You should, before acting on this advice, consider the appropriateness of the advice, having regard to your objectives, financial situation and needs. If our advice relates to the acquisition, or possible acquisition, of a financial product you should read any relevant Product Disclosure Statement or like instrument.

This report has been commissioned by Paradigm Biopharmaceuticals and prepared and issued by Rosemary Cummins of MST Access in consideration of a fee payable by Paradigm Biopharmaceuticals. MST Access receives fees from the company referred to in this document, for research services and other financial services or advice we may provide to that company.

MST Financial also provides equity capital markets ("ECM") and corporate advisory services through its capital markets division, MST Capital Markets ("MST Capital"). MST Capital provides these services to a range of companies including clients of the MST Access service. As such, MST Capital may in future provide ECM and/or corporate advisory services to the company that is the subject of this research report and, accordingly, may receive fees from the company for providing such services. However, MST Financial has measures in place to ensure the independence of its research division is maintained, including information barriers between its Capital Markets and Research teams. In addition, neither MST Access, not any of its research analysts, receive any financial benefit that is based on the revenues generated by MST Capital Markets or any other division of MST Financial.

The analyst has received assistance from the company in preparing this document. The company has provided the analyst with communication with senior management and information on the company and industry. As part of due diligence, the analyst has independently and critically reviewed the assistance and information provided by the company to form the opinions expressed in the report. Diligent care has been taken by the analyst to maintain an honest and fair objectivity in writing this report and making the recommendation. Where MST Access has been commissioned to prepare content and receives fees for its preparation, please note that NO part of the fee, compensation or employee remuneration paid will either directly or indirectly impact the content provided.

Accuracy of content: All information used in the publication of this report has been compiled from publicly available sources that are believed to be reliable, however we do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of this report and have not sought for this information to be independently certified. Opinions contained in this report represent those of MST Access at the time of publication. Forward-looking information or statements in this report contain information that is based on assumptions, forecasts of future results and estimates of amounts not yet determinable, and therefore involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of their subject matter to be materially different from current expectations.

Exclusion of liability: To the fullest extent allowed by law, MST Access shall not be liable for any direct, indirect or consequential losses, loss of profits, damages, costs or expenses incurred or suffered by you arising out or in connection with the access to, use of or reliance on any information contained in this report. No guarantees or warranties regarding accuracy, completeness or fitness for purpose are provided by MST Access, and under no circumstances will any of MST Financials'

officers, representatives, associates or agents be liable for any loss or damage, whether direct, incidental or consequential, caused by reliance on or use of the content.

General Advice Warning

MST Access Research may not be construed as personal advice or recommendation. MST encourages investors to seek independent financial advice regarding the suitability of investments for their individual circumstances and recommends that investments be independently evaluated. Investments involve risks and the value of any investment or income may go down as well as up. Investors may not get back the full amount invested. Past performance is not indicative of future performance. Estimates of future performance are based on assumptions that may not be realised. If provided, and unless otherwise stated, the closing price provided is that of the primary exchange for the issuer's securities or investments. The information contained within MST Access Research is published solely for information purposes and is not a solicitation or offer to buy or sell any financial instrument or participate in any trading or investment strategy. Analysis contained within MST Access Research publications is based upon publicly available information and may include numerous assumptions. Investors should be aware that different assumptions can and do result in materially different results.

MST Access Research is distributed only as may be permitted by law. It is not intended for distribution or use by any person or entity located in a jurisdiction where distribution, publication, availability or use would be prohibited. MST makes no claim that MST Access Research content may be lawfully viewed or accessed outside of Australia. Access to MST Access Research content may not be legal for certain persons and in certain jurisdictions. If you access this service or content from outside of Australia, you are responsible for compliance with the laws of your jurisdiction and/or the jurisdiction of the third party receiving such content. MST Access Research is provided to our clients through our proprietary research portal and distributed electronically by MST to its MST Access clients. Some MST Access Research products may also be made available to its clients via third party vendors or distributed through alternative electronic means as a convenience. Such alternative distribution methods are at MST's discretion.

Access and Use

Any access to or use of MST Access Research is subject to the Terms and Conditions of MST Access Research. By accessing or using MST Access Research you hereby agree to be bound by our Terms and Conditions and hereby consent to MST collecting and using your personal data (including cookies) in accordance with our Privacy Policy (https://mstfinancial.com.au/privacy-policy/), including for the purpose of a) setting your preferences and b) collecting readership data so we may deliver an improved and personalised service to you. If you do not agree to our Terms and Conditions and/or if you do not wish to consent to MST's use of your personal data, please do not access this service.

Copyright of the information contained within MST Access Research (including trademarks and service marks) are the property of their respective owners. MST Access Research, video interviews and other materials, or any portion thereof, may not be reprinted, reproduced, sold or redistributed without the prior written consent of MST.